BOARD BYLAWS

SUBJECT: Limits of Board Member Authority

The Governing Board recognizes that the Board is the unit of authority over the district and that a Board member has no individual authority. Board members shall hold the education of students above any partisan principle, group interest, or personal interest.

(cf. 1160 - Political Processes)
(cf. 9000 - Role of the Board)
(cf. 9005 - Governance Standards)
(cf. 9270 - Conflict of Interest)
(cf. 9323 - Meeting Conduct)

Unless agreed to by the Board as a whole, individual members of the Board shall not exercise any administrative responsibility with respect to the schools or command the services of any school employee. Individual Board members shall submit requests for information to the Superintendent; provided that nothing herein shall restrict the right or ability of the Audit Committee to request and obtain information and District documents as may be provided in the Board approved Audit Committee Charter. At his/her discretion, the Superintendent may refer the request to the entire Board for consideration. If approved, the Superintendent or designee shall perform any necessary research associated with the request and report to the Board at a future meeting.

- (cf. 1340 Access to District Records)
- (cf. 4112.6/4212.6/4312.6 Personnel Files)
- (cf. 9011 Disclosure of Confidential/Privileged Information)
- (cf. 9322 Agenda/Meeting Materials)

Individual Board members do not have the authority to resolve complaints. Any Board member approached directly by a person with a complaint should refer the complainant to the Superintendent or designee so that the problem may receive proper consideration and be handled through the appropriate district process. The Superintendent shall report the resolution of the complaint to the Board.

- (cf. 1312.1 Complaints Concerning District Employees)
- (cf. 1312.2 Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials)
- (cf. 1312.3 Uniform Complaint Procedures)
- (cf. 1312.4 Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures)
- (cf. 3320 Claims and Actions Against the District)
- (cf. 4031 Complaints Concerning Discrimination in Employment)
- (cf. 6159.1 Procedural Safeguards and Complaints for Special Education)

A Board member whose child is attending a district school should be aware of his/her role as a Board member when interacting with district employees about his/her child. Because his/her position as a Board member may inhibit the performance of school personnel, the Board member should inform the Superintendent or designee before volunteering in his/her child's classroom.

Because his/her position as a Board member may inhibit the performance of school personnel, a Board member shall not serve as a volunteer aide in the district without the approval of the Superintendent or designee.

(cf. 1240 - Volunteer Assistance)(cf. 5020 - Parent Rights and Responsibilities)(cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

Obligations of Board Members

Board members should hold the education of children and youth above any partisan principle, group interest, or personal interest.

Board members should understand their role and the programs offered by the district. They should study all agenda materials before the meeting, participate in the discussion of items which come before the Board, vote on motions and resolutions, and abstain only for compelling reasons.

(cf. 9240 - Board Development)(cf. 9271 - Code of Ethics)(cf. 9320 - Meetings and Notices)

Board members shall refer Board-related correspondence to the Superintendent or designee for forwarding to the Board or for placement on the Board's agenda.

(cf. 9322 - Agenda/Meeting Materials)

Board members and persons elected to the Board are responsible for complying with the requirements of the state's open meeting laws.

The Superintendent or designee shall provide a copy of the state's open meeting laws (Brown Act) to each Board member and to anyone who is elected to the Board but has not yet assumed office.

Board members and persons elected to the Board who have not yet assumed office are responsible for complying with the requirements of the Brown Act. (Government Code 54952.1)

Legal Reference: EDUCATION CODE 200-262.4 Prohibition of discrimination 7054 Use of district property 35010 Control of district; prescription and enforcement of rules 35100-35351 Governing boards, especially: 35160-35184 Powers and duties 35291 Rules 35292 Visits to schools (Board members) 51101 Rights of parents/guardians GOVERNMENT CODE 54950-54962 The Ralph M. Brown Act, especially: 54952.1 Member of a legislative body of a local agency 54952.7 Copies of chapter to members of legislative body

Management Resources: CSBA PUBLICATIONS CSBA Professional Governance Standards, 2000 Maximizing School Board Leadership: Boardsmanship, 1996 WEB SITES CSBA: http://www.csba.org